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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/534,373	12/22/2005	John Harrison	UDL1P019/GJA/pw/P400376	DL1P019/GJA/pw/P400376US 3389	
<sup>28875</sup> Zilka-Kotab, P	7590 10/05/200 C	77	EXAM	EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 7211	120		PATEL, VIRESH R		
SAN JOSE, CA 95172-1120			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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*:	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/534,373	HARRISON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Viresh R. Patel	2169				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time  rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become AB ANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/22	<u>2/2005</u> .	•				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-18</u> is/are rejected.	•					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>5/9/2005</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/9/2005</u> . 6) Other:						

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#### Detailed Action

## **Preliminary Amendment**

- 1. This Office Action is in response to applicant's communication filed 5/9/2005. The Applicant's amendments to the claims and/or the specification were considered with the results that follow.
- 2. Claims 11-18 have been presented for examination in this application. In view the amendment filed, claims 1-10 have been cancelled and claims 11-18 have been added.

  As a result, claims 11-18 are now pending in this application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

3. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 14-17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 14-16 are rejected as falling under the judicial exception of an abstract idea which lacks a useful, concrete and tangible result. A claimed series of steps or acts that do not result in a useful, concrete, and tangible result are not statutory within the meaning of 35 USC 101. In the instant case, the claims recite, "receiving" and "analyzing," however no useful, concrete, and tangible result is claimed. For example, "writing said data," "updating said data," "sending said data" being claimed at the end of

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1400

the claim may comprise a useful concrete and tangible result. Absent such a result, however, the claims are not statutory.

Claims 17 and 18 lack the necessary physical articles or objects to constitute a machine or manufacture within the meaning of 35 USC 101. A computer program product is claimed, however the limitations of the claimed invention can be achieved exclusively through the user of software. As such, they fail to fall within a statutory category. They are descriptive material per se.

Descriptive material can be characterized as either "functional" or "nonfunctional." Both types of descriptive material are nonstatutory when claimed as descriptive material per se, 33 F. 3d 1360, 31 USPQ2d at 1759.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 11, 12, 14, 15, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cowdrey et al, 6895437, herein after referred to as Cowdrey.

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As to claim 11, Cowdrey teaches a method of acquiring data relating to website

activity in a network of interconnected computers, the method comprising:

• "defining, at a first computer, a first computer code defining a set of data

parameters, the values of which are to be acquired from a second computer; and

supplying to said second computer, in response to a request for web page data

sent to said first computer from said second computer web page data together

with said first computer code" at column 4, lines 20-39 and column 5, lines 30-43

(Cowdrey teaches a client program sent to the client with specific monitoring

features)

• "wherein said first computer code is adapted to acquire from said second

computer the values of said set of data parameters and provide said values,

together with data identifying said parameters, to a third computer" at column 4,

lines 39-57

(Cowdrey teaches a data server which receives the data and a reporting server

which analyzes the data)

As to claim 12, Cowdrey teaches a method according to claim 11, wherein "said

data identifying said parameters represents the type and/or format and/or description of

said data values" at column 5, lines 30-43

As to claim 14, Cowdrey teaches a method of monitoring website activity in a

network of interconnected computers, the method comprising:

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"receiving at first computer, in response to a request for web page data sent from a second computer to a third computer, a set of data values, representing values of a set of parameters relation to said second computer, from said second computer together with data identifying said parameters, and analyzing said data values using said data identifying parameters" at column 4, lines 20-57 and column 5, lines 30-43

(<u>Cowdrey teaches a client program sent to the client with specific monitoring</u> features, monitored data sent back to a server and analyzed by another server)

As to claim 15, Cowdrey teaches a method according to claim 14, wherein "said data identifying said parameters represents the type and/or format and/or description of said data values" at column 5, lines 30-43

As to claim 17, Cowdrey teaches a computer program product comprising:

- "a first computer code to be supplied by a first computer and adapted to define a
  set of data parameters, the values of which are to be acquired from a second
  computer, and a second computer code defining data identifying said
  parameters" at column 4, lines 20-39 and column 5, lines 30-43
  (Cowdrey teaches a client program sent to the client with specific monitoring
  features)
- "wherein said first and second computer codes are adapted to be supplied to said second computer in response to a request from said second computer for

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web page data from said first computer and to provide said data values together with said data identifying said parameters to a third computer" at column 4, lines 20-57 and column 5, lines 30-43

(<u>Cowdrey teaches a client program sent to the client with specific monitoring</u>

<u>features</u>, monitored data sent back to a server and analyzed by another server)

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 13, 16, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cowdrey in view of Boerbert et al, US Patent No5272754, herein after referred to as Boerbert.

As to claim 13, Cowdrey teaches a method according to claim 11 as set forth above.

The different between Cowdrey and the claimed invention is that Cowdrey does not explicitly teach the step of supplying a second computer code to said second computer, wherein said second computer code is adapted to encrypt said data values and/or said data identifying said parameters.

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However, Boerbert teaches a similar method further comprising "the step of supplying a second computer code to said second computer, wherein said second computer code is adapted to encrypt said data values and/or said data identifying said parameters" at column 5, line 49 – column 6, line 5

Thus, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Cowdrey and Boerbert 's teachings in order to allow secure communication between client and server over a network.

As to claim 16, Cowdrey teaches a method according to claim 14 as set forth above.

The different between Cowdrey and the claimed invention is that Cowdrey does not explicitly teach the step of supplying a second computer code to said second computer, wherein said second computer code is adapted to encrypt said data values and/or said data identifying said parameters.

However, Boerbert teaches a similar method further comprising "the step of supplying a second computer code to said second computer, wherein said second computer code is adapted to encrypt said data values and/or said data identifying said parameters" at column 5, line 49 – column 6, line 5

Thus, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Cowdrey and Boerbert 's teachings in order to allow secure communication between client and server over a network.

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As to claim 18, Cowdrey teaches a method according to claim 17 as set forth above.

The different between Cowdrey and the claimed invention is that Cowdrey does not explicitly teach a third computer code adapted to encrypt data sent from said second computer.

However, Boerbert teaches a similar method further comprising "a third computer code adapted to encrypt data sent from said second computer" at column 5, line 49 – column 6, line 5

Thus, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Cowdrey and Boerbert 's teachings in order to allow secure communication between client and server over a network.

#### Conclusion

The following prior are made of record however no relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Kollmyer et al (US Patent No. 7165175), discloses a system a method for selectively encrypting portions of data sent over a network.

#### **Contact Information**

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Viresh R. Patel whose telephone number is 571 270 1630. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 AM - 5:00 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Pierre Vital can be reached on 571 272 4215. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

VP 9/28/2007 KBP

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